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EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 1

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MINISTRY OF LAW  
(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 1st October, 1964/Asvina 9, 1886 (Saka)

The following Acts of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 30th September, 1964, and are hereby published for general information:—

THE HIGH COURT JUDGES (CONDITIONS OF SERVICE) AMENDMENT ACT, 1964

No. 27 OF 1964

[30th September, 1964]

An Act further to amend the High Court Judges (Condition of Service) Act, 1954.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the High Court Judges (Conditions of Service) Amendment Act, 1964. *Short title.*

28 of 1954.

2. In section 14 of the High Court Judges (Conditions of Service) Act, 1954 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in clause (b) of the first proviso, for the words "sixty years", the words, figures and letters "sixty-two years, and, in the case of a Judge holding office on the 5th day of October, 1963, sixty years" shall be substituted. *Amendment of section 14.*

3. After section 23B of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, and shall be deemed always to have been inserted, *Insertion of new section 23C.*  
namely:—

Special provision in respect of Judges transferred from the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir.

"23C. (1) In the calculation of service for pension of a Judge of the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir transferred to any other High Court, his service for pension as a Judge of the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir shall also be reckoned as service for pension under this Act.

(2) In the calculation of the amount of leave at the credit of a Judge of the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir transferred to any other High Court, the amount of leave due to him as a Judge of the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir shall be added to the amount of leave at his credit under this Act.”.

**THE LEGAL TENDER (INSCRIBED NOTES)  
ACT, 1964**

No. 28 OF 1964.

[30th September, 1964]

An Act to restrict the negotiability of currency and other notes inscribed with messages of a political character.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

**Short title and extent.** 1. (1) This Act may be called the Legal Tender (Inscribed Notes) Act, 1964.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

Notes bearing messages of a political character not to be legal tender.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, or in the Currency Ordinance, 1940, or in any other law for the time being in force, a currency note of the Government of India, a bank note issued by the Reserve Bank of India, or a Government of India one-rupee note issued under the Currency Ordinance, 1940, which bears written upon it any extrinsic words or visible representations intended to convey or capable of conveying a message of a political character, shall not be legal tender; and the Reserve Bank of India shall not be under any legal obligation to receive any such note, or to issue rupee coin or other coin or currency notes or bank notes in exchange for any such note, or to refund the value of any such note:

2 of 1  
Ord.  
1940.

Provided that the Reserve Bank of India may refund as of grace the whole or part of the value of any such note.

Ord. 59 of  
1942.

3. (1) The Legal Tender (Inscribed Notes) Ordinance, 1942 is hereby repealed. Repeal  
and  
savings.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under this Act as if this Act were in force on the day on which such thing was done or such action was taken.

R. C. S. SARKAR,  
*Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

